

CORRIGENDUM TO “ON THE EMBEDDING OF LEVI-FLAT HYPERSURFACES IN THE COMPLEX PROJECTIVE PLANE (AND AN APPENDIX WITH LÁSZLÓ LEMPert)”

ANDREI IORDAN

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This corrigendum contains a corrected proof of Lemma 4 from the paper “On the embedding of Levi-flat hypersurfaces in the complex projective plane (and an appendix with László Lempert)” published in *Rev. Roumaine Math. Pures Appl.* 68 (2023), 95–114.

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The purpose of this corrigendum is to correct a computation error in the proof of Lemma 4 of [1]. The results of the paper are unchanged.

LEMMA 1 ([1, Lemma 4]). *There exists a holomorphic vector field Y on $\mathbb{C}\mathbb{P}_2$ and $a \in \mathbb{C}\mathbb{P}_2$ such that*

$$\|Y(a)\|_{g_{FS}} = \max_{x \in \mathbb{C}\mathbb{P}_2} \|Y(x)\|_{g_{FS}}$$

and a is a strict maximum for $\|Y(\cdot)\|_{g_{FS}}$.

Proof. Consider the vector field $\tilde{Y} = z_0 \frac{\partial}{\partial z_1} + z_0 \frac{\partial}{\partial z_2}$ on $\mathbb{C}^3 \setminus \{0\}$ and let $Y = \pi_*(\tilde{Y})$, where $\pi : \mathbb{C}^3 \setminus \{0\} \rightarrow \mathbb{C}\mathbb{P}_2$ is the canonical map. If $z_0 \neq 0$ and $\zeta_1 = z_1/z_0, \zeta_2 = z_2/z_0$ are non-homogeneous coordinates

$$\pi_*(\tilde{Y}) = \frac{\partial}{\partial \zeta_1} + \frac{\partial}{\partial \zeta_2}.$$

Since for $z_0 \neq 0$

$$\begin{aligned} g_{FS} &= \frac{1 + |\zeta_2|^2}{(1 + |\zeta_1|^2 + |\zeta_2|^2)^2} d\zeta_1 \otimes d\bar{\zeta}_1 + \frac{1 + |\zeta_1|^2}{(1 + |\zeta_1|^2 + |\zeta_2|^2)^2} d\zeta_2 \otimes d\bar{\zeta}_2 \\ &\quad - \frac{\zeta_1 \bar{\zeta}_2}{(1 + |\zeta_1|^2 + |\zeta_2|^2)^2} d\zeta_2 \otimes d\bar{\zeta}_1 - \frac{\bar{\zeta}_1 \zeta_2}{(1 + |\zeta_1|^2 + |\zeta_2|^2)^2} d\zeta_1 \otimes d\bar{\zeta}_2, \end{aligned}$$

we have

$$\begin{aligned}
 \|Y\|_{FS}^2 &= g_{FS} \left(\frac{\partial}{\partial \zeta_1} + \frac{\partial}{\partial \zeta_2}, \frac{\partial}{\partial \zeta_1} + \frac{\partial}{\partial \zeta_2} \right) \\
 &= 2\operatorname{Re} \left(\frac{1 + |\zeta_2|^2}{(1 + |\zeta_1|^2 + |\zeta_2|^2)^2} + \frac{1 + |\zeta_1|^2}{(1 + |\zeta_1|^2 + |\zeta_2|^2)^2} \right) \\
 &\quad - 2\operatorname{Re} \left(\frac{\zeta_1 \bar{\zeta}_2}{(1 + |\zeta_1|^2 + |\zeta_2|^2)^2} + \frac{\bar{\zeta}_1 \zeta_2}{(1 + |\zeta_1|^2 + |\zeta_2|^2)^2} \right) \\
 &= 2 \frac{2 + |\zeta_1|^2 + |\zeta_2|^2 - 2\operatorname{Re}(\zeta_1 \bar{\zeta}_2)}{(1 + |\zeta_1|^2 + |\zeta_2|^2)^2} \\
 &\leq 2 \frac{2 + |\zeta_1|^2 + |\zeta_2|^2 + 2|\zeta_1||\zeta_2|}{(1 + |\zeta_1|^2 + |\zeta_2|^2)^2} \\
 &\leq 2 \frac{2 + |\zeta_1|^2 + |\zeta_2|^2 + |\zeta_1|^2 + |\zeta_2|^2}{(1 + |\zeta_1|^2 + |\zeta_2|^2)^2} = 2 \frac{2(1 + |\zeta_1|^2 + |\zeta_2|^2)}{(1 + |\zeta_1|^2 + |\zeta_2|^2)^2} \\
 &= \frac{4}{(1 + |\zeta_1|^2 + |\zeta_2|^2)}
 \end{aligned}$$

with equality if and only if $|\zeta_1| = |\zeta_2|$ and $\zeta_1 \bar{\zeta}_2 \in \mathbb{R}_-$. So for $\zeta_1 = \zeta_2 = 0$, $\|Y\|_{FS}^2 = 4$ and it follows that

$$\max_{x \in \mathbb{C}\mathbb{P}_2} \|Y(x)\|_{g_{FS}} = \|Y([1 : 0 : 0])\|_{g_{FS}} = 4$$

and $[1 : 0 : 0]$ is a strict maximum for $\|Y(\cdot)\|_{g_{FS}}$. \square

REFERENCES

- [1] A. Jordan, *On the embedding of Levi-flat hypersurfaces in the complex projective plane (and an appendix with Laszlo Lempert)*. Rev. Roumaine Math. Pures Appl. **68** (2023), 1-2, 95–114.

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Sorbonne Université,
 Institut de Mathématiques de Jussieu-Paris Rive
 Gauche,
 Faculté des Sciences et Ingénierie
 (former Université Pierre et Marie Curie),
 4 Place Jussieu,
 75252 Paris Cedex 05, France
 andrei.iordan@imj-prg.fr